SAP FI/CO Interview Questions, Answers, and Explanations

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Part I: Accounts Payable (AP)

Question 1: Additional Log

What is the additional log in the AP payment program and how can it be used for troubleshooting ?

A: The additional log is an important setting when performing a payment run. The amount of information stored in the log can be selected (see below).

Status Parameter Free selection Additional Log Printout/data me	adium
Required logging type	
Due date check Payment method selection in all cases	
Pmnt method selection if not successful	
Line items of the payment documents	
Accounts required	
Vendors (from/to) Customers (from/to)	
	Sc Proposal run log
	& Payment run log

If there are any errors with the payments run, due to either missing or incorrect master data settings, negative balances due to credit memo's etc, the system will report these in the additional log.

Support position interviews often ask this question as a way of determining if you know how to troubleshoot dayto-day Accounts Payable operations.

Question 2: Master Data

How can you link customer and vendor master records and what is the purpose of doing so ?

A: On the customer master there is a field "vendor" and likewise on the vendor master there is a field "customer". By entering these master data numbers, a link can be created between the AP/AR subledgers for use in the payment program, dunning routine and the clearing of open items.

For example in the payment program, if a specific business partner is your vendor but also your customer, linking their master records together will allow the open AR invoices to be offset against the outstanding AP invoices.

Question 3: Payment Terms

What are terms of payments and where are they stored ?

A: Payment terms are created in configuration and determine the payment due date for customer/vendor invoices.

They are stored on the customer/vendor master record and are pulled through onto the customer/vendor invoice postings. The due date derived via the payment can be changed on each individual invoice if required

Question 4: Baseline Date

What is meant by a "baseline date" in SAP AR and AP ?

A: The baseline date is the date from which the payment terms (specified in IMG transaction OBB) apply

Usually this is the document date on the invoice but can also be the date of entry or posting date from the ledger

Question 5: One Time Vendor

What are one-time vendors ?

A: In certain industries (especially where there are a high volume of cash transactions), it is not practical to create new master records for every vendor trading partner.

One-time vendors allow for a dummy vendor code to be used on invoice entry and the information which is normally stored in the vendor master (payment terms, address etc), is keyed on the invoice itself.

Question 6: AP Vendor Group

What factors should be considered when configuring an Accounts Payable Vendor Group **?**

A: The following are determined by the creation of a new AP vendor group (transaction OBD3)

- Whether the vendors in this group are one-time vendors i.e. no master record is created but the address and payments details are entered against each invoice to this vendor
- Field status group which fields on the vendor master are suppressed, optional or mandatory when creating vendors belonging to this group

Additionally the vendor number ranges defined in transaction XKN1 need to be assigned to your vendor account groups in transaction OBAS. The decision needs to be made whether to assign an external number range (where the user chooses the master record number) or an internal number range (system assigned)

Question 7: Payment Run

Name the standard stages of the SAP Payment Run.

A: The following steps are usually performed during the payment run

- Entering of parameters (company codes, payment methods, vendor accounts etc)
- Proposal Scheduling the system proposes list of invoices to be paid
- Payment booking the booking of the actual payments into the ledger
- Printing of payment forms (cheques etc)

Variations on the above may be found in different SAP customers, but the interviewer will be looking for the basis steps above.

Question 8: Payment Methods

What is the purpose of payment methods and where are they stored?

A: Generally payment methods are one digit alphanumeric identifiers that indicate the type of payments made to vendors or received from customers.

There are many standard delivered SAP entries for each country.

For example for the UK, the following are pre-delivered:-

Country	GB Great Britain						
Payment methods in the country							
Pmnt meth.	Name (in language of country)						
B	Direct Debit/Standing Order						
C	Cheque						
D	Direct Deposit (DFS UK)						
М	Manual Post /print						
S	SWIFT - Transfer						
Т	Bank transfer						
W	Wired payment posting						

The payment methods are stored in the vendor/customer master record as well on vendor/customer line items. (The default from master record can be changed during manual postings)

Question 9: Electronic Banking

Explain briefly how you can import electronic bank statements into SAP.

A: A text file is received from the bank which is then uploaded into the SAP system. The file contains details of the company's bank movements e.g. cheques, bank interest, bank charges, cash receipts etc. Depending on the system configuration SAP will attempt to book these transactions automatically to the correct accounts to avoid the need for manual entries by SAP users.

Any postings which the system cannot derive automatically can be booked through "post-processing"

Part II: Accounts Receivable (AR)

Question 10 : Residual Payments

In Accounts Receivable, what's the difference between the 'residual payment' and 'part payment' methods of allocating cash ?

A: These are the two methods for allocating partial payments from customers.

As an example, lets say invoice A123 exists for 100\$ and a customer pays 60\$.

With partial payment, the 60\$ simply offsets the invoice leaving a remaining balance of 40\$

With residual payment, invoice A123 is cleared for the full value 100\$ and a new invoice line item is booked for the remaining balance of 40\$.

Question 11 : Correspondence Types

What are correspondence types in AR/AP?

A: Correspondence types are different outputs which can be printed and sent to your business partners based around either customer vendor or GL information.

Popular correspondence types include customer statements, payment notices and line items lists. Within the most common AP/AR functions (such as 'Display vendor line items' below there is the option to generate correspondence requests. At the end of the working day these can be printed together as a batch and sent out.

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Question 12: Dunning

What is "dunning" in SAP ?

A: Dunning is the process by which payment chasing letters are issued to customers. SAP can determine which customers should receive the letters and for which overdue items.

Different letters can be printed in SAP depending on how far overdue the payment is; from a simple reminder to a legal letter.

The dunning level on the customer master indicates which letter has been issued to the customer.

Question 13 : Reason Codes

What are "reason codes" used for in the Accounts Receivable module and what are the factors to be considered in their configuration?

A: Reason codes are tags which can be assigned to explain under/overpayments during the allocation of incoming customer payments. They should not be confused with 'void reason codes' used when outgoing checks are generated.

During configuration the following are determined

- Whether the items booked with these reason codes are to be flagged as disputed items for the purposes of credit management (disputed items do not increase a customer credit exposure)
- The type of correspondence (if any) to be generated for this reason code as a result of the under/over payment
- Whether a separate line item should be created to charge off the payment differences to a separate G/L account.

Part III: Document Postings

Question 14: Rate factors

What are exchange rate "factors" ?

A: Exchange Rate factors are the relationships between one currency and another to which an exchange rate is applied.

For example you may define the Indonesia Rupiah to US\$ factor as 10000 : 1

Combined with an exchange rate of 0.95 this would equate to 9500 IDR to 1 USD

Question 15: Parking Documents

What is document parking and why is it important when consideration internal control procedures and "segregation of duties" ?

A: Parking is a SAP term which means a posting (AP/AR/GL) can be temporarily saved (possibly with incomplete information) without hitting the affected ledger(s). A separate person can then release the posting to the ledger when required.

This is useful for example if junior staff are to initially enter the invoices, before their supervisor checks it and books it to the ledger.

Another popular use is when entering GL journals with many hundreds of line items. The document can be partsaved allowing for completion at a later date.

Question 16: Document Currency

Explain the document currency (WRBTR) and local currency fields (DMBTR) when posting a document in SAP FI.

A: On the document header, the currency key is entered. If this is different from the entity currency (or local currency), an equivalent amount in local currency is calculated automatically by the system and stored in the field "local currency". It is possible however to overwrite the system proposed value in this field manually.

If the local amount is manually overwritten, and the difference between the implied exchange rate is sufficiently different to the rate used by the system, a warning or error message is displayed (depending on system configuration)

Question 17: Substitution Rules

What are FI substitution rules ?

A: Defined in configuration they are similar to the FI validation rules above. Substitution rules allow field values to be replaced when certain pre-requisites conditions are met.

Question 18: Exchange Rate Types

What are exchange rate "types" in SAP?

A: Exchange rate types are how SAP categorizes the different sets of exchange rates in the R'3 system.

By default exchange rate type "M" is used for the rates used to calculate local currency in the SAP system

ExRt	Usage
0011	Rate on key date
0012	Average rate
0013	Historical rate
0014	Rate on key date in previous year
0021	Rate on key date
0022	Average rate
0023	Historical rate
0024	Rate on key date in previous year

Question 19: Calculated Rate v Header Rate

During document postings, under what circumstances would SAP display the following warning / error message: "Calculated rate deviates from document header rate by x%"

A: This occurs when the exchange rate in the document header (either entered by the user or derived from the exchange rate table) differs by a larger amount than that specified as the maximum tolerance.

(The message can changed to be either an error or a warning)

Question 20: Foreign Currency

When entering foreign currency FI transactions describe the various ways in which the exchange rate is derived by SAP

A: The exchange rate can be entered via either:-

- Directly on the document header
- Derived from the exchange rate table (by leaving exchange rate blank)
- Indirectly, by entering the explicit local currency amount so the system is forced to use a specific exchange rate

Question 21: FB50 vs. FB01

What is the difference between the Enjoy SAP document entry screens (e.g. FB50, FB60 etc) and the old general posting transaction (FB01)

A: The Enjoy SAP screens were created to expedite data entry for AP,AR and GL postings.

In the old FB01 screen users were required to enter document types and posting keys manually to determine the nature of the postings. In the Enjoy SAP data entry screens these are defaulted via a configuration table so the user just has to choose debit/credit and the system will default the posting key. The document type is determined based on whether the entry is a vendor/customer invoice/credit memo or GL journal.

Question 22: Validation Rules

What are FI validation rules ?

A: Validation rules (configured via transaction OB28) enforce certain conditions when FI postings are made.

Validation rules comprise:-

- A prerequisite event that has to occur for the validation check to take place
- The check itself
- The output message that is to be displayed (you can choose between a warning or error message)

For example you may wish to ensure that users only enter GL journals with document type 'SA' for a specific GL account 88510005 in company code A100. Your prerequisite would be if the GL account = 88510005 and company code = A100. The check would be that the document type = SA and in the event of an incorrect entry

the message could be "Error – only document type SA allowed"

You can enrich validation routines using ABAP code

Question 23: Internal Number Assignment

Explain the terms "internal number assignment" and "external number assignment" and the differences between them ? Why is it generally not a good idea to have external numbering on transactions ?

A: "Internal" numbering means the R/3 system assigns the next available sequential number to the master data object or transaction posting. "External" means the user has to manually enter the number during the creation of the master record or the posting of the document.

Entering the document number manually on each SAP financial posting is a time consuming effort and causes a risk to those transactions booked via interfaces. Often organizations want to do this to match source or legacy systems data with R/3. However there are plenty of text and reference fields available to store this information without requiring external numbering.

Part IV: General Ledger

Question 24: Transporting Tax Codes

Explain the procedure for transporting tax codes and their associated rates between SAP systems

A: Rather than simply attaching tax codes to a transport as per any other SAP configuration, a unique import/export routine needs to be followed which imports the settings into your productive SAP system

The export routine can be found under within IMG transaction FTXP via transport > tax code > export / import

The tax codes themselves have to be manually created in the target system. You leave the tax rates blank (your basis colleagues have to ensure your production system is open for configuration) and run the import routine. Note that the tax accounts have to be maintained manually in production also.

This is a common interview question which can be quickly used to test those with previous FI/CO experience.

Question 25: GR/IR Clearing

Explain what is meant by GR/IR clearing

A: Goods receipts from the MM module typically generate entries such as

• Debit Stock, Credit GR/IR clearing

This indicates an increase in stock and a pending entry to be cleared once the invoice from the vendor arrives.

At month end there will be a need to accrue those purchases received but not yet invoiced hence the reason for the account named 'Good Received / Invoice Received'

Typically the balance on this account at month end indicates the value of goods received but not invoiced.

Once the invoice is received the corresponding entry is booked.

• Credit Vendor, Debit GR/IR

These opposite entries to the GR/IR need to be cleared against each other. (This account is managed on an open item basis). Using the F.19 transaction this can be done automatically by using the PO and line item number stored in the assignment field

Question 26: Account Type Field

Explain the purpose of the account type field in the GL master record

A: At year end P&L accounts are cleared down to the retained earnings balance sheet account. This field contains an indicator which is linked (in the IMG transaction OB53) to the specific GL account use in this clear down.

Question 27: Alternative Account

What is the alternative account field used for in the GL master record ?

A: Another very popular interview question. This field can be used to store the old legacy system's account number against the new number in SAP.

A standard search help exists which will allow users to search for the SAP account based on the old legacy account number. This is particularly useful for new SAP users who are still getting used to the new chart of accounts.

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G/L account Edit Goto Settings Environment System Help								
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G/L account								
Company code 0881 SAP &								
Control data Create/bank/interest Information								
Account control in company code								
Account currency PKR Pakistani Rupee								
Only balances in local crcy								
Exchange rate difference key								
Valuation group								
Tax category								
Posting without tax allowed								
Recon, account for acct type	•							
Alternative account no. 1354000110								

Question 28: GL Views

What is the difference between the chart of account view and company code view when maintaining a GL account ?

A: There are two screens which have to be maintained for each new GL account. The first is at 'chart of account' level (transaction FSPo) and contains the information used by all company codes using this chart of accounts such as description, group account number etc.

Each company code using this chart will then add its own company code view (via transaction code FSSO) which contains localized data specific to that entity e.g. field status group, alternative account number etc.

The chart of accounts screen must be maintained before the local company code screens.

Question 29: Sort Key

What is a sort key and what is it used for?

A: Sort keys are stored in customer, vendor and GL master records. They determine what value is populated in the 'assignment' field in the document line items posted.

There are several standard entries in a pre-delivered SAP system and additional entries can be configured if required.

A very common use for sort key 014 Purchase Order number for example, is to allow the GR/IR clearing GL account to be cleared automatically.

For FI/CO jobs in a logistics environment this is a common question.

Question 30: Fiscal Year Variant

What are fiscal year variants and how are fiscal periods opened and closed ?

A: Fiscal year variants (FSV's) are assigned to a company code via transaction OBY6. They determine the financial reporting periods of an entity e.g. 13 4-weekly periods, calendar months, 5-5-4 reporting etc

During month end the current fiscal reporting period will be and the next month opened. Its possible to open and close specific ledgers e.g. AP, AR, GL and even sets of accounts within those ledgers. This way its possible to, for example, close all GL accounts and leave only the month end adjustment accounts open for posting

Question 31: Special Periods

What are the special periods 13,14,15,16 and what are they used for ?

A: When you define the fiscal year variant you can choose to define additional special periods. These can be used for example for the posting of year end adjustments, auditors adjustments etc.

Periods 1-12 can be closed and periods 13-16 left open during year end closing

Question 32: GL Status Groups

What are GL field status groups and where are they used ?

A: Field status groups are defined in configuration and are used to determine which fields are available for posting when entries are booked against GL accounts.

Each field can be set as optional, mandatory or suppressed.

Field status variant AP01 Group SC01			
General Posting			
Additional account assignments			
	Suppress	Req.entry	Opt. entry
Settlement period	0	0	۲
Material number	۲	0	0
Cost center	0	0	۲
C0/PP order	0	0	۲
WBS element	۲	0	0
Sales order	۲	0	0
Personnel number	0	0	۲
Network	۲	0	0
Commitment item	۲	0	0
Plant	۲	0	0
Business area	۲	0	0
Trading partner business area	0	0	۲
Quantity	۲	0	0
Profit center	۲	0	0
Profitability segment	۲	0	0
Cost object	0	0	۲
Joint venture acct assignment	۲	0	0

Question 33: Recurring Entries

What are recurring entries and why are they used?

A: Recurring entries (setup in FBD1) can eliminate the need for the manual posting of accounting documents which do not change from month to month.

For example, a regular rental expense document can be created which can be scheduled for the last day of each month. Usually multiple recurring entries are created together and then processed as a batch at month end using transaction F.14

Question 34: Currency Revaluation

Explain how foreign currency revaluation works in SAP R/3 FI

A: Over time the local currency equivalent of foreign currency amounts will fluctuate according to exchange rate movements. Usually at month end, there is a requirement to restate these amounts using the prevailing month end exchange rates.

SAP can revalue foreign currency GL account balances as well as outstanding customer and vendor open item balances.

In SAP configuration, you define the balance sheet adjustment account and which accounts the realized gain/loss should be booked.

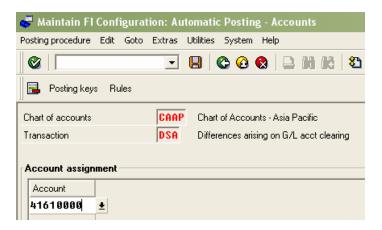
A batch input session is created to automatically post the required adjustments.

Question 35: Account Clearing

During GL account clearing how can small differences be dealt with ?

A: During configuration a tolerance limit is set which defines the maximum differences allowed during clearing.

The differences can be automatically booked by the system to a specific account during posting (using IMG transaction OBXZ)



Part V: Controlling (CO)

Question 36: Disposing Assets

Describe three ways of disposing of an asset from a company code in SAP R/3

A: An existing asset can be scrapped (transaction ABAVN), transferred to another company code (ABUMN), sold to a customer account in the accounts receivable module (F-92), sold with revenue but the revenue is booked to a GL account (ABAON).

Question 37: Account Assignment Models

What are account assignment models?

A: AAM's are blocks of document line items that can be used repeatedly to prevent manual re-entry.

Which fields are included in the AAM layout can be configured using O7E3

Question 38: CO-PCA

In Profit Center Accounting (CO-PCA) explain the process for locking planning data

A: Using transaction S_ALR_87004395, you can lock plan data for a specific fiscal year

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1	Forecast	~	Г	Г				
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Select version o and choose 'settings for profit center accounting'.

Note the interviewer will not expect you to remember the transaction code but will expect you to refer to 'versions' and the fact that the plan can be locked per fiscal year and independently of the actual data.

Question 39: Value Field

What is a "value field" in the CO-PA module ?

A: Value fields are number/value related fields in profitability analysis such as quantity, sales revenue, discount value etc

Question 40: Characteristic Field

What is a "characteristic field" in the CO-PA module ?

A: Characteristics are analytical information fields used in CO-PA. Typical examples include customer number, brand, distribution channel etc

Question 41: COPA Basis

What is the difference between "costing based" (CB) and "account based" (AB) CO-PA ?

A: This is an incredibly popular question for any positions with a COPA component.

The interviewer will be looking for some of the following:-

- AB can easily be reconciled with FI at account level through the use of cost elements. CB can only be reconciled at account group level (such as revenues, sales deductions etc) as values are stored in "value fields" as opposed to accounts
- In CB data is stored by posting periods and weeks. In AB storage is only by periods.
- In CB transactions can be stored in operating concern currency and company code currency. In AB transactions are stored in controlling area currency, company code currency and transaction currency
- In CB you can create cross controlling area evaluations or cross controlling area plans. In AB you cannot as the chart of accounts may differ.
- In CB the cost of good sales (COGS) are updated via material price valuations. Stock change values can be transferred to CB COPA during billing. Timing differences can occur if the goods issue and billing documents are in different posting periods. In AB the value posted in the stock change is posted simultaneously to COPA.

Question 42: Operating Concern

What is an operating concern and what is its relationship with a controlling area in CO ?

A: The operating concern is the main organizational unit in Profitability Analysis. It's structure depends on the configuration setup of characteristics and value fields.

It is assigned to a controlling area on a one to may basis i.e. one controlling area may be assigned to only one operating concern, one operating concern can be assigned to many controlling areas.

Question 43: Internal Orders

What are statistical internal orders?

A: Statistical real internal orders are dummy cost objects used for analysis and reporting purposes. They must be posted to in conjunction with a real cost object such as a cost center.

For example for employees we define statistical internal orders and for departments we define cost centers. Travel expense invoices can then be booked to specific cost

SAP FI/CO Interview Questions

centers but analysis can also be done at employee level by looking at the statistical orders.

Statistical internal orders cannot be settled.

Question 44: Settlement Receivers

Name some settlement receivers for CO Internal Orders

A: Typically CO Internal Order are settled to:-

- Other internal orders
- Fixed assets (including assets under constructions)
- GL Accounts
- Cost Centres

Question 45: Performance Issues

What are the performances issue to be in mind when configuring Profitability analysis (COPA) ?

A: Sometimes COPA reporting performance is severely affected by poor initial setup. Anyone involved in a full COPA project lifecycle in a retail or manufacturing environment will have come across such issues hence the reason the interviewer is asking the question. The most important thing

Question 46 : Internal Order Controls

Explain some of the controls setup during the configuration of Internal Order Types in the CO module.

A: The following settings are made during the configuration of order types (transaction KOT2_OPA)

- Number ranges assigned to the order master on creation
- Planning and budgeting profiles
- Status profiles
- Order layouts

Question 47: Assessment vs. Distribution

Explain the differences between 'Assessment' and 'Distribution' cost allocation cycles in the R'3 CO module.

A: Its easiest to demonstrate this by way of an example

Lets say we have three cost elements with the following amounts to be allocated:-

A Electricity \$2000 B Water \$3000 C Canteen Costs \$4000

With assessment cycles the system groups all three together and summarizes the balance of 9000\$ onto a separate cost element e.g. D in order to allocate the costs to a receiving cost centre. Hence your sender cost element is D in your CO reporting and not A,B,C

With distributions the costs are allocated from the original cost elements. Hence your senders are A,B,C.

Question 48: Reconciliation Ledger

What is the CO reconciliation ledger and when would you typically use it ?

A: The reconciliation ledger effectively highlights differences by account across the FI and CO modules. A report is produced by the RL program, identifying where transactions have been booked across entities in controlling that would impact the external reporting produced from the FI module.

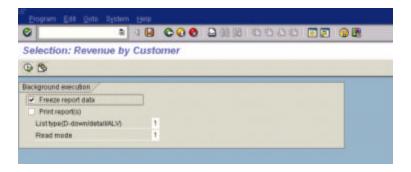
The RL program can then either post automatic corrections or you can choose to post manual corrections based on the information in the RL report.

Question 49: Freeze Data

Explain how using the "freeze data" option in COPA can speed up reporting performance.

A: Often companies that use COPA have extremely large volumes of data and reports can take several minutes, even hours, to run.

The 'free report data' option can be selected and the report run overnight. This way re-running the report online during the working data will see huge performance benefits as the system simply has to display stored stored and not recalculate it "on-the-fly"



Questions regarding performance issues in COPA are common. You may be asked how summarization levels can increase reporting speed or alternatively asked to explain how you've minimized the number of characteristics with the same aim.

Question 50: Statistical Key Figures

What are statistical key figures in CO?

A: SKF's are statistical (or information values) used in cost allocations such as assessments and distributions.

For example we may have an SKF for 'head count per department'. When utility costs are allocated across various departments we could perform the percentage allocation based on the 'head count' SKF.

Part VI: Fixed Assets (FA)

Question 51: Fixed asset reconciliation

How do you take the balances onto fixed asset reconciliation accounts during data take-on ?

A: Normally you cannot post direct to reconciliation accounts. However there is a configuration transaction OAK5/OAMK which can be used to temporarily remove the reconciliation flags to allow the balances to be journal'ed onto the fixed asset reconciliation accounts.

Note this is a very popular interview question for FI/CO roles with FI-AA components.

Question 52: Acquisition Costs

Name three ways of posting acquisition cost to a fixed asset master

A: There are many ways of booking APC to fixed asset records including:-

- Via F-90 Acquisition with Vendor
- ABZON Acquisition with automatic offsetting entry
- ABZP from affiliated company
- From settlement of an asset under construction (AIBU)
- From goods receipt (or invoice receipt depending on system setup) relating to a purchase order

Question 53: Sub assets

What are sub-assets and what would be a typical use for them in the SAP environment ?

A: Sub-assets are four digit reference numbers that are linked to the main asset number.

For example, if an asset 31000050 exists for a piece of machinery which initially cost \$100,000 a sub-asset asset 0001 could be created and used to book additional cost (maybe a machinery upgrade) against the original asset. Both assets exist separately and can be reported as such or together.

When running the asset reports you can either run for the 31000050 asset or together with the sub asset 31000050-0001

If you have multiple sub-assets you can report based on 31000050-*

Using this approach asset components cost can be stored separately but reported together.

Note that these sub-assets are depreciated independently of their main asset – this is a popular interview question.

Question 54: Asset Under Construction

What is an "asset under construction"

A: AuC's can be used to track investment cost during projects or asset assembly. Following completion their costs can be settled to other fixed assets or to other CO cost objects such as real internal orders or cost centres.

For example, the construction of a new building, the various costs involved (engineering, utility cost etc) could be collected under an AUC, before being settled to an asset under the "buildings' asset class at the end of the project.

AuC's generally are not depreciated until completion.

Question 55: Evaluation Groups

What are evaluation groups on the asset master used for ?

A: Allocation groups can be used to categorize assets whichever way the user chooses.

There are 4 with four characters (configured via OAVA transaction) and 1 with 8 characters (configured with OAV8). If you wish you can define a list of entries to be validated when the user populates these fields.

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In customizing you can choose which of the 5 fields to display on the asset master record

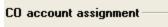
Question 56: Fixed Asset Depreciation

What cost objects can be posted to automatically when the Fixed Asset Depreciation run is performed ?

A: In IMG transaction OAYR you can choose to allocate depreciation cost to :-

- Cost centers
- Internal Order
- Both of the above

The cost centers or order used is stored on the respective asset master record



Assign cost centers

Post to internal order

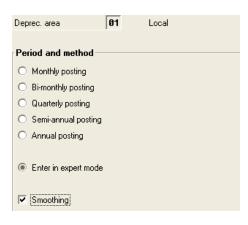
Question 57: Smoothing and Catchup

Explain the terms "smoothing" and "catchup" with regards fixed asset depreciation

A: This question refers to how SAP handles under/over depreciated assets with respect to future depreciation runs.

In IMG OAYR setting the smoothing flag forces the system to calculate depreciation evenly over the remaining periods in the fiscal year.

The opposite of this is with catch-up which means the system will correct any under/over depreciation in the next fiscal months depreciation run.



Part VI: Org Structure & Module Integration

Question 58: FI Global Settings

What is the difference between 'company code' and 'company ID' when in the FI global settings in the IMG?

A: The company code is the legal entity organization unit and the lowest level at which external financial statements are prepared.

The company id is a higher organization unit used for consolidation in the SAP system. A single company id can have many company codes assigned to it so long as the fiscal year variant and chart of accounts is consistent.

Question 59: Financial Statement

What is a 'financial statement version'?

A: Financial statement versions 'FSV's' are the structures forming the P'L and Balance sheet reports from the FI module.

Accounts are assigned to the end nodes in the reporting structure tree. Depending on the setup debit/credit balances can be reflected in different asset / liability columns where required

Question 60: New Company Code

How do you define a new company code ?

A: Using transaction code EC01, the most straightforward way of creating a new company code is to copy an existing value.

All associated data such as the fiscal year variant and assignments to controlling area and credit control area are taken across from the source value.

Transactional data of course is not copied.

Here, interviewers are simply looking to hear the word "copy" to prove that you have defined a SAP FI/CO organizational structure before.

Question 61: Chart of Accounts

If several chart of accounts are in use in a SAP system and there is a requirement to merge them to a single chart, how can this be achieved?

A: This is a little bit of a trick question. The interviewer here is checking your knowledge of modifying an existing organizational structure in an existing live SAP system.

Generally such changes cannot be done. The only options are:-

- Using specialist SAP consultants and their own ABAP tools to perform the conversion. This is a time consuming and expensive process
- Creating duplicate entities and transferring opening balances and year to data line items across.

The above applies for other such changes as modifying the local currency of an entity or merging several controlling areas.

You would be surprised how often interview candidates state "you would change the settings in configuration".

Questions such as these are not designed to deliberately send you down a blind alley but rather they act as a quick way to work out whether a candidate has simply dabbled around in the FI/CO modules or whether they have a

SAP FI/CO Interview Questions

strong grasp of SAP organizational concepts in a live environment

Question 62: What is stored in table Too1 ?

A: This is the main company code configuration table and includes such assignments as:-

- Fiscal year variant
- Company assignment
- Local currency setting
- Credit control area

Question 63: Company Code

What is a company code ? Describe its relationship with a controlling area

A: A company code represents a specific legal entity for financial reporting purposes and represents the lowest level at which external financial accounts can be produced.

It's the main organizational object in the FI module and is assigned to a controlling area in CO. One company code may only be assigned to a single controlling area. (A controlling area may have multiple company codes assigned to it)

Question 64: SD and AR

Explain briefly how the Sales and Distribution modules creates Accounts Receivable line items for invoice postings.

A: Following the creation of a sales order, a goods issue is performed to issue the items out of stock. This typically generates the following FI entry:-

• Debit Cost of Sales, Credit Stock

Once the invoice (billing document) has been created in the SD module, the following entry is booked into the Accounts Receivable module

• Debit Customer, Credit Revenue

Using copy rules in SD, its possible to pass the sales order number or billing document number onto the AR posting for tracing and analysis purposes.

The above is a very basic example and can vary depending on the system setup however if you are being interviewed for a role with SD integration expect questions similar to the above.

Question 65: MM and AP

Explain briefly how the Materials Management module creates Accounts Payable line items for invoice postings.

A: Following the creation of a purchase order, a good receipt is booked to indicate the arrival of the stock from the vendor. This typically creates the following posting:-

• Debit Stock, Credit GR/IR clearing

Once the invoice is received from the vendor and booked in the invoice verification module in MM, an entry is created in the AP module

• Debit GR/IR Clearing, Credit Vendor

This is the classic MM to FI data flow and can vary on system setup. However for positions with integration to the logistics modules questions like this will almost inevitably pop up.

Question 66: Batch Input

Explain what 'batch input sessions' are, some examples of where they are used in FI/CO and the terms 'background' and 'foreground' processing.

A: Batch input sessions are batches of SAP data (either master data or transactional data) generated through an interface/report/bespoke user application.

For example when creating cost elements automatically using SAP transaction OKB2/OKB3 the system creates a batch session containing all the data required.

Batch input sessions are used extensively throughout the FI/CO modules including:-

- Depreciation run
- Recurring entries
- CO reconciliation ledger
- Master data creation in FI/CO
- FX revaluation

Foreground/background refers to how the users view the data being created by the SAP system. In foreground the user can step through each screen during data creation and correct any errors as they occur. In background the system tries to create the data for the entire batch and reports errors following completion.

Question 67: Commitment Line Items

What are 'commitment' line items in CO?

A: Commitment line items in CO are not actual cost items but rather committed expenditure items generated through purchase orders.

They are flagged with a unique value type (e.g. 21 for Purchase Requisition Commitments and type 22 for Purchase Order Commitments) in the CO tables and can be reported separately in report painter

It's also possible to post manual commitment values in order to report non-PO related expenditure commitments.

Question 68: Special Purpose Ledger

When defining a new ledger in the Special Purpose ledger, how can you retrospectively populate FI data for a previous fiscal year ?

A: Using SAP transaction GCU1, FI data can be transferred for a particular company code, fiscal year or specific document number range.

A similar transaction exists for controlling data, GCU3.

Question 69: Using Special Purpose Ledger

What is the special purpose ledger and what would be some reasons for using it ?

A: The SPL is a user defined ledger which can be built to support reporting requirements which cannot normally be met through the usual SAP modules.

You can pull information from many SAP modules such as FI, CO, MM, SD and build user defined fields whose contents are based on calculations from other SAP standard information.

Typical uses include:-

- Reporting using an alternative fiscal year variant other than the one assigned to the entity.
- Reporting in a different currency (maybe to meet a new head office reporting currency)
- Meeting USGaap and local reporting requirements

Question 70: BSEG, BKPF, GLTO

Explain the purpose of the following SAP R/3 FI tables: BSEG, BKPF, GLTO

A: BKPF is the document header table. It stores all the fields common to all of the document line items such as posting date, currency key, document number etc

BSEG is the associated line item table to BKPF. Specific line item information such as posting key, GL account, document amount are stored.

GLTo is the summarized account balances table showing account balances by period, by account, by fiscal year.

Questions regarding tables may seem overly technical but interviews can quickly ascertain whether a potential candidate has worked in a pure end user role or in a hands on configuration role.

Question 71: COEP, CSKA, CE1XXXX

Explain the purpose of the following SAP R/3 CO tables: COEP, CSKA, CE1xxxx

A: COEP is the CO object line item table.

CSKA is the cost element master table (dependant on chart of accounts)

CE1xxxx (where xxxx is the name of your operating concern) is the profitability analysis line item table.

Question72 : LSMW

What is the Legacy System Migration Workbench (LSMW) and when would you use it in your SAP FI/CO rollout ?

A: LSMW is a technical tool used for migrating master data and transaction data from your old 'legacy' systems to SAP.

Though usually setup by your ABAP programming colleagues, the LSMW projects are usually run by FI/CO project team members in order to upload vendors, customers, cost centers, internal orders etc

The interviewer is unlikely to ask any technically difficult questions but most experienced FI/CO team members who have been through a data migration stage will have at least a basic understanding of LSMW.

Question 73: Credit Checks

Describe some of the standard credit checks available within SAP. Where does most of the credit management information sit in the IMG ?

A: Credit management is one of the key integration areas between the Sales and Distribution modules (SD) and financial accounting (FI). Most of the configuration sits in the SD IMG menu under Sales and Distribution > Basic Functions > Credit Management/Risk Management > Credit Management > Define Automatic Credit Control

The following are the standard credit checks available

- Static (a simple check against customers credit limits of the total AR open items, SD billing docs etc)
- Dynamic (as above but including open sales orders not yet delivered over a particular time period)
- Maximum sales order or delivery specified
- Critical field check (for such fields as payment terms)
- Next Review Date checks the review date stored on the customer master
- AR open items checks existing overdue items on the customer account
- Highest dunning level specifies a max dunning level allowed

CCA	RkC	CG	Credit control				Curr.	Update	
0001	001	01	High Risk Sale:	s Orders			USD	000012	
Docu	nent c	ontr	olling			Relea	Released documents are still unchecked		
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Question 74: Report Painter

What is the report painter?

A: The report painter is a pre-delivered SAP reporting tool for the controlling module. It allows SAP reports to be quickly created, typically actual versus plan analysis for cost elements, internal orders and cost centers.

Question 75: User Exits

What are user exits and name an example where one could be used in the FI/CO modules

A: User exits are SAP supplied 'hooks' within specific program which allow user customizations to meet specific requirements.

When the program is run, SAP checks to see if the user has setup any logic within these hooks.

For example in the fixed asset module lets say the gain/loss from disposal is normally booked to GL account 65410. During posting however you wish to book certain asset retirement transaction types to 65499 for reporting purposes. An enhancement AINT0002 exists to do this.

User exits are commonly used also with validation and substitution rules.

To implement user exist you need an understanding of the ABAP programming language. However for those who have worked across several SAP projects its inevitable that at some point they will have come across user exits at some stage even if its just at a conceptual level.

Part II: Table & Transaction Code Reference

Table List

AGKO	Cleared Accounts
ANAR	Asset Types
ANAT	Asset type text
ANEK	Document Header Asset Posting
ANEP	Asset Line Items
ANEV	Asset downpymt settlement
ANKT	Asset classes- Description
ANLA	Asset Master Record Segment
ANLB	Depreciation terms
ANLC	Asset Value Fields
ANLH	Main asset number
AT02T	Transaction Activity Category - Description
AT02A	Transaction Code for Menu TIMN
AT10	Transaction type
AT10T	Name of Transaction Type
BKDF	Document Header Supplement for Recurring Entry
BKORM	Accounting Correspondence Requests
BKPF	Accounting Document Header
BLPK	Document log header
BLPP	Document log item
BLPR	Document Log Index and Planned Order (Backflush)
BNKA	Bank master record
BPooo	Business Partner Master (General Data)
BPBK	Doc.Header Controlling Obj.
BPEG	Line Item Total Values Controlling Obj.
BPEJ	Line Item Annual Values Controlling Obj.
BPEP	Line Item Period Values Controlling Obj.
BPGE	Totals Record for Total Value Controlling obj.
BPJA	Totals Record for Annual Total Controlling Obj.

BSAD	Accounting- Secondary Index for Customers (Cleared Items)
BSAK	Accounting - Secondary Index for Vendors (Cleared Items)
BSAS	Accounting - Secondary Index for G/L Accounts (Cleared Items)
BSEC	One-Time Account Data Document Segment
BSEG	Accounting Document Segment
BSID	Accounting - Secondary Index for Customers
BSIK	Accounting-Secondary Index for Vendors
BSIM	Secondary Index, Documents for Material
BSIS	Accounting - Secondary Index for G/L Accounts
CEPC	Profit Center Master Data Table
СЕРСТ	Texts for Profit Center Master Data
COBRA	Settlement Rule for Order Settlement
COBRB	Distribution Rules Settlement Rule Order Settlement
СОКА	CO Object - Control Data for Cost Elements
COSP	CO Object - Cost Totals for External Postings
COSS	CO Object - Cost Totals for Internal Postings
CRCO	Assignment of Work Center to Cost Center
CSKA	Cost Elements (Data Dependent on Chart of Accounts)
CSKB	Cost Elements (Data Dependent on Controlling Area)
CSLA	Activity master
FEBEP	Electronic Bank Statement Line Items
FPLA	Billing Plan
FPLT	Billing Plan - Dates
GLPCT	EC-PCA- Totals Table
KNA1	General Data in Customer Master
комк	Pricing Communication Header
MAHNV	Management Records for the Dunning Program
REGUT	TemSe - Administration Data
SKA1	G/L Account Master (Chart of Accounts)
SKAT	G/L Account Master Record (Chart of Accounts- Description)
SKB1	G/L account master (company code)

ТоозТ	Document Type Texts
Too7S	Tax Code Names
T087J	Text
TAPRFT	Text tab. for investment profile
TKA01	Controlling Areas
TKA09	Basic Settings for Versions
TKVS	CO Versions
ТΖВоТ	Flow types text table
TZPAT	Financial Assets Management product type texts
VBSEGS	Document Segment for G/L Accounts Document Parking
VTBFHA	Transaction
VTBFHAPO	Transaction Flow
VTBFHAZU	Transaction Activity
VTBFINKO	Transaction Condition
VTIDERI	Master Data Listed Options and Futures
VTIFHA	Underlying transaction
VTIFHAPO	Underlying transaction flows
VTIFHAZU	Underlying transaction status table
VTIOF	Options Additional Data
VWPANLA	Asset master for securities

Transaction Code List

- F-01 Enter Sample Document
- F-02 Enter G/L Account Posting
- F-03 Clear G/L Account
- F-04 Post with Clearing
- F-05 Post Foreign Currency Valuation
- F-06 Post Incoming Payments
- F-07 Post Outgoing Payments
- F-18 Payment with Printout
- F-19 Reverse Statistical Posting
- F-20 Reverse Bill Liability
- F-21 Enter Transfer Posting
- F-22 Enter Customer Invoice
- F-23 Return Bill of Exchange Pmt Request
- F-25 Rever se Check/Bill of Exch.
- F-26 Incoming Payments Fast Entry
- F-27 Enter Customer Credit Memo
- F-28 Post Incoming Payments
- F-29 Post Customer Down Payment
- F-30 Post with Clearing
- F-31 Post Outgoing Payments
- F-32 Clear Customer
- F-33 Post Bill of Exchange Usage
- F-34 Post Collection
- F-35 Post Forfaiting
- F-36 Bill of Exchange Payment
- F-37 Customer Down Paymen F-38 Enter Statistical Posting Customer Down Payment Request
- F-39 Clear Customer Down Payment
- F-40 Bill of Exchange Payment
- F-41 Enter Vendor Credit Memo
- F-42 Enter Transfer Posting
- F-43 Enter Vendor Invoice
- F-44 Clear Vendor
- F-46 Reverse Refinancing Acceptance
- Down Payment Request F-47
- F-48 Post Vendor Down Payment
- F-49 Customer Noted Item
- F-51 Post with Clearing
- F-52 Post Incoming Payments
- F-53 Post Outgoing Payments

- F-54 Clear Vendor Down Payment
- F-55 Enter Statistical Posting
- F-56 Reverse Statistical Posting
- F-57 Vendor Noted Item
- F-58 Payment with Printout
- F-59 Payment Request
- F-60 Maintain Table: Posting Periods
- F-62 Maintain Table: Exchange Rates
- F-63 Park Vendor Invoice
- F-64 Park Customer Invoice
- F-65 Preliminary Posting
- F-66 Park Vendor Credit Memo
- F-67 Park Customer Credit Memo
- F-90 Acquisition from purchase w. vendor
- F-91 Asset acquis. to clearing account
- F-92 Asset Retire. frm Sale w/ Customer
- F.01 ABAP/4 Report: Balance Sheet
- F.02 Compact Journal
- F.03 Reconciliation
- F.04 G/L: Create Foreign Trade Report
- F.05 Foreign Currency Val.: Open Items
- F.06 Foreign Currency Valuation:G/L Assts
- F.07 G/L: Balance Carried Forward
- F.08 G/L: Account Balances
- F.09 G/L: Account List
- F.oA G/L: FTR Report on Disk
- F.OB G/L: Create Z2 to Z4
- F.10 G/L: Chart of Accounts
- F.11 G/L: General Ledger from Doc.File
- F.12 Advance Tax Return
- F.13 ABAP/4 Report: Automatic Clearing
- F.14 ABAP/4 Report: Recurring Entries
- F.15 ABAP/4 Report: List Recurr.Entries
- F.16 ABAP/4 Report: G/L Bal.Carried Fwd
- F.17 ABAP/4 Report: Cust.Bal.Confirmation
- F.18 ABAP/4 Report: Vend.Bal.Confirmation
- F.19 G/L: Goods/Invoice Received Clearing
- F.1A Customer/Vendor Statistics
- F.1B Head Office and Branch Index
- F.20 A/R: Account List
- F.21 A/R: Open Items
- F.22 A/R: Open Item Sorted List
- F.23 A/R: Account Balances
- F.24 A/R: Interest for Days Overdue

- F.25 Bill of Exchange List
- F.26 A/R: Balance Interest Calculation
- F.27 A/R: Periodic Account Statements
- F.28 Customers: Reset Credit Limit
- F.29 A/R: Set Up Info System 1
- F.2A Calc.cust.int.on arr.: Post (w/o OI)
- F.2B Calc.cust.int.on arr.: Post(with OI)
- F.2C Calc.cust.int.on arr.: w/o postings
- F.2D Customrs: FI-SD mast.data comparison
- F.2E Reconciliation Btwn Affiliated Comps
- F.2F Management Acct Group Reconciliation
- F.2G Create Account Group Reconcil. G/L
- F.30 A/R: Evaluate Info System
- F.31 Credit Management Overview
- F.32 Credit Management Missing Data
- F.33 Credit Management Brief Overview
- F.34 Credit Management Mass Change
- F.35 Credit Master Sheet
- F.36 Adv.Ret.on Sls/Pur.Form Printout(DE)
- F.37 Adv.rept.tx sls/purch.form print (BE
- F.38 Transfer Posting of Deferred Tax
- F.39 C FI Maint. table To42Z (BillExcTyp)
- F.40 A/P: Account List
- F.41 A/P: Open Items
- F.42 A/P: Account Balances
- F.44 A/P: Balance Interest Calculation
- F.45 A/P: Set Up Info System 1
- F.46 A/P: Evaluate Info System
- F.47 Vendors: calc.of interest on arrears
- F.48 Vendors: FI-MM mast.data comparison
- F.4A Calc.vend.int.on arr.: Post (w/o OI)
- F.4B Calc.vend.int.on arr.: Post(with OI)
- F.4C Calc.vend.int.on arr.: w/o postings
- F.50 G/L: Profitability Segment Adjustmnt
- F.51 G/L: Open Items
- F.52 G/L: Acct Bal.Interest Calculation
- F.53 G/L: Account Assignment Manual
- F.54 G/L: Structured Account Balances
- F.56 Delete Recurring Document
- F.57 G/L: Delete Sample Documents
- F.58 OI Bal.Audit Trail: fr.Document File
- F.59 Accum.Clas.Aud.Trail: Create Extract
- F.5A Accum.Clas.Aud.Trail: Eval.Extract
- F.5B Accum.OI Aud.Trail: Create Extract

F.5C Accum.OI Audit Trail: Display Extr. F.5D G/L: Update Bal. Sheet Adjustment F.5E G/L: Post Balance Sheet Adjustment F.5F G/L: Balance Sheet Adjustment Log F.5G G/L: Subseq.Adjustment(BA/PC) Sp.ErA F.5I G/L: Adv.Rep.f.Tx on Sls/Purch.w.Jur F.61 **Correspondence: Print Requests** F.62 Correspondence: Print Int.Documents F.63 Correspondence: Delete Requests **Correspondence: Maintain Requests** F.64 F.65 Correspondence: Print Letters (Cust) F.66 Correspondence: Print Letters (Vend) F.70 Bill/Exchange Pmnt Request Dunning F.71 DME with Disk: B/Excha. Presentation F.75 Extended Bill/Exchange Information F.77 C FI Maintain Table T045D F.78 C FI Maintain Table T045B F.79 C FI Maintain Table T045G F.80 Mass Reversal of Documents F.81 Reverse Posting for Accr./Defer.Docs F.90 C FI Maintain Table T045F F.91 C FI Maintain Table T045L F.92 C FI Maintain T012K (Bill/Exch.) F.93 Maintain Bill Liability and Rem.Risk F.97 General Ledger: Report Selection F.98 Vendors: Report Selection F.99 Customers: Report Selection F/LA Create Pricing Report F/LB Change pricing reports F/LC Display pricing reports F/LD Execute pricing reports Foo SAPoffice: Short Message Fooo Accounting F010 ABAP/4 Reporting: Fiscal Year Change F01N Debit position RA single reversal F010 Vacancy RU single reversal F01P Accruals/deferrals single reversal F01Q Debit position MC single reversal F01R MC settlement single reversal Fo1S Reverse Periodic Posting F01T Reverse Acc./Def. General Contract F040 Reorganization F041 Bank Master Data Archiving F042 G/LAccounts Archiving

- F043 Customer Archiving
- F044 Vendor Archiving
- F045 Document Archiving
- F046 Transaction Figures Archiving
- F101 ABAP/4 Reporting: Balance Sheet Adj.
- F103 ABAP/4 Reporting: Transfer Receivbls
- F104 ABAP/4 Reporting: Receivbls Provisn
- F107 FI Valuation Run
- F110 Parameters for Automatic Payment
- F111 Parameters for Payment of PRequest
- F13E ABAP/4 Report: Automatic Clearing
- F150 Dunning Run
- F48A Document Archiving
- F53A Archiving of G/L Accounts
- F53V Management of G/L Account Archives
- F56A Customer Archiving
- F58A Archiving of Vendors
- F61A Bank archiving
- F64A Transaction Figure Archiving
- F66A Archiving of Bank Data Storage
- F8+0 Display FI Main Role Definition
- F8+1 Maintain FI Main Role Definition
- F8+2 Display FI Amount Groups
- F8+3 Maintain FI Amount Groups
- F8B4 C FI Maintain Table TBKDC
- F8B6N C FI Maintain Table TBKPV
- F8BC C FI Maintain Table TBKFK
- F8BF C FI Maintain Table T042Y
- F8BG Maintain Global Data for F111
- F8BH Inconsistencies T042I and T042Y
- F8BJ Maintain Clearing Accts (Rec.Bank)
- F8BK Maintain ALE-Compatible Pmnt Methods
- F8BM Maintain numb.range: Payment request
- F8BN Corr.Acctg Documents Payment Block
- F8BO Payment request archiving
- F8BR Levels for Payment Requests
- F8BS Detail display of payment requests
- F8BT Display Payment Requests
- F8BU Create payment runs automatically
- F8BV Reversal of Bank-to-Bank Transfers
- F8BW Reset Cleared Items: Payt Requests
- F8BZ F111 Customizing
- F8XX Payment Request No. Ranges KI3 F8BM
- FA39 Call up report with report variant

- FAKA Config.: Show Display Format
- FAKP Config.: Maintain Display Format
- FAR1 S FI-ARI Maint. table To61A
- FARA S FI-ARI Maint. table To61P/Q
- FARB C FI-ARI Maint. table To61R
- FARI AR Interface: Third-party applicatns
- FARY Table To61S
- FARZ Table To61V
- FAX1 BC sample SAP DE 2.1
- FAX2 BC sample 2 SAP DE 2.1
- FBoo Accounting Editing Options
- FB01 Post Document
- FB02 Change Document
- FB03 Display Document
- FB03Z Display Document/Payment Usage
- FB04 Document Changes
- FB05 Post with Clearing
- FB05 OLD Post with clearing
- FB07 Control Totals
- FB08 Reverse Document
- FB09 Change Line Items
- FB10 Invoice/Credit Fast Entry
- FB11 Post Held Document
- FB12 Request from Correspondence
- FB13 Release for Payments
- FB1D Clear Customer
- FB1K Clear Vendor
- FB1S Clear G/L Account
- FB21 Enter Statistical Posting
- FB22 Reverse Statistical Posting
- FB31 Enter Noted Item
- FB41Post Tax PayableFB50G/L Acct Pstg: Single Screen Trans.
- FB60 Enter Incoming Invoices
- FB65 Enter Incoming Credit Memos
- FB70 Enter Outgoing Invoices FB75 Enter Outgoing Credit Memos
- FB99 Check if Documents can be Archived
- FBA1 Customer Down Payment Request
- FBA2 Post Customer Down Payment
- FBA3 Clear Customer Down Payment
- FBA6 Vendor Down Payment Request
- FBA7 Post Vendor Down Payment
- FBA7 OLD Post Vendor Down Payment

- FBA8 Clear Vendor Down Payment FBA8 OLD Clear Vendor Down Payment Post Foreign Currency Valn FBB1 FBBA Display Acct Determination Config. FBBP Maintain Acct Determination Config. FBCJ Cash Journal FBCJCo C FI Maintain Tables TCJ C JOURNALS FBCJC1 Cash Journal Document Number Range FBCJC2 C FI Maint. Tables TCJ TRANSACTIONS FBCJC3 C FI Maintain Tables TCJ PRINT FBCOPY Copy Function Module Enter Recurring Entry FBD1 FBD2 Change Recurring Entry FBD3 Display Recurring Entry FBD4 Display Recurring Entry Changes FBD5 Realize Recurring Entry FBD9 Enter Recurring Entry FBDF Menu Banque de France FBE1 Create Payment Advice FBE2 Change Payment Advice FBE3 Display Payment Advice FBE6 Delete Payment Advice FBE7 Add to Payment Advice Account FBF1 C80 Reporting Minus Sp.G/L Ind. FBF2 Financial Transactions FBF3 Control Report FBF4 Download Documents FBF5 Reports Minus Vendor Accounts FBF6 Document Changes C80 Reports Minus Sp.G/L Ind. FBF7 FBF8 C84 Reports FBFT Customizing BDF FBIPU Maintain bank chains for partner FBKA Display Accounting Configuration FBKF FBKP/Carry Out Function (Internal) FBKP Maintain Accounting Configuration FBL1 **Display Vendor Line Items** FBL1N Vendor Line Items FBL2 Change Vendor Line Items FBL2N Vendor Line Items FBL3 Display G/L Account Line Items FBL3N G/L Account Line Items FBL4 Change G/L Account Line Items
- FBL4N G/L Account Line Items

FBL5	Display Customer Line Items
FBL5N	Customer Line Items
FBL6	Change Customer Line Items
FBL6N	Customer Line Items
FBM1	Enter Sample Document
FBM2	Change Sample Document
FBM3	Display Sample Document
FBM4	Display Sample Document Changes
FBMA	Display Dunning Procedure
FBME	Banks
FBMP	Maintain Dunning Procedure
FBN1	Accounting Document Number Ranges
FBN2	Number Range Maintenance: FI_PYORD
	Enter Payment Request
FBR1	Post with Reference Document
FBR2	Post Document
FBRA	Reset Cleared Items
FBRC	Reset Cleared Items (Payment Cards)
	Enter Accrual/Deferral Doc.
FBTA	Display Text Determin.Configuration
FBTP	Maintain Text Determin.Configuration
FBU2	Change Intercompany Document
FBU3	Display Intercompany Document
FBU8	Reverse Cross-Company Code Document
FBVo	Post Parked Document
FBV1	Park Document
FBV2	Change Parked Document
FBV3	Display Parked Document
FBV4	Change Parked Document (Header)
FBV5	Document Changes of Parked Documents
FBV6	Parked Document \$
FBVB	Post Parked Document
FBW1	Enter Bill of Exchange Pmnt Request
FBW2	Post Bill of Exch.acc.to Pmt Request
FBW3	Post Bill of Exchange Usage
FBW4	Reverse Bill Liability
FBW5	Customer Check/Bill of Exchange
FBW6	Vendor Check/Bill of Exchange
FBW7	Bank file to file system (for FBWD)
FBW8	File to Bank (for Transaction FBWD)
FBW9	C FI Maintain Table To45DTA
FBWA	C FI Maintain Table To46a
FBWD	Returned Bills of Exchange Payable
FBWD2	Parameter Transaction for FBWD

- FBWE Bill/Exch.Presentatn International FBWQ C FI Maintain Table T045T FBWR C FI Maintain Table T045W FBWS C FI Maintain Table T046s FBZo Display/Edit Payment Proposal FBZ1 Post Incoming Payments FBZ2 Post Outgoing Payments Incoming Payments Fast Entry FBZ3 FBZ4 Payment with Printout Print Check For Payment Document FBZ5 FBZ8 Display Payment Run FBZA Display Pmnt Program Configuration FBZG Failed Customer Payments FBZP Maintain Pmnt Program Configuration FC10 Financial Statements Comparison FC11 Data Extract for FI Transfer FC80 Document C80 FC82 Document C82 FCAA Check Archiving FCC1 Payment Cards: Settlement FCC2 Payment Cards: Repeat Settlement FCC3 Payment Cards: Delete Logs FCC4 Payment Cards: Display Logs FCCR Payment Card Evaluations FCH1 Display Check Information FCH2 Display Payment Document Checks FCH3 Void Checks FCH4 Renumber Checks FCH5 Create Check Information FCH6 Change Check Information/Cash Check FCH7 **Reprint Check** FCH8 Reverse Check Payment FCH9 Void Issued Check FCHA Check archiving FCHB Check retrieval FCHD Delete Payment Run Check Information
- FCHE Delete Voided Checks
- FCHF Delete Manual Checks
- FCHG Delete cashing/extract data
- FCHI Check Lots
- FCHK Check Tracing Initial Menu
- FCHN Check Register
- FCHR Online Cashed Checks
- FCHT Change check/payment allocation

FCHU Create Reference for Check FCHV C FI Maintain Table TVOID FCHX Check Extract - Creation FCIWCU BW Customizing for CS FCIWDoo Download InfoObject text FCIWD10 Download InfoObject hierarchies FCKR International cashed checks FCMM C FI Preparations for consolidation FCMN FI Initial Consolidation Menu FCV1 Create A/R Summarv FCV2 Delete A/R Summary FCV3 Early Warning List FC BW BEX Business Explorer Analyser FC BW RSA1 BW Administrator Workbench FC BW RSZDELETE Delete BW Query Objects FC BW RSZV Maintain BW Variables FD-1 Number range maintenance: FVVD RANL FD01 Create Customer (Accounting) FD02 Change Customer (Accounting) FD02CORE Maintain customer FD03 Display Customer (Accounting) FD04 Customer Changes (Accounting) FD05 Block Customer (Accounting) FDo6 Mark Customer for Deletion (Acctng) FD08 Confirm Customer Individually(Actng) FD09 Confirm Customer List (Accounting) FD10 Customer Account Balance FD10N Customer Balance Display FD10NA Customer Bal. Display with Worklist FD11 Customer Account Analysis FD15 Transfer customer changes: send FD16 Transfer customer changes: receive FD24 Credit Limit Changes FD32 Change Customer Credit Management FD33 Display Customer Credit Management FD37 Credit Management Mass Change FDCU Loans customizing menu FDFD Cash Management Implementation Tool FDIo Execute Report FDI1 Create Report FDI2 Change Report FDI3 Display Report FDI4 Create Form

FDI5 Change Form

- FDI6 **Display Form Background Processing** FDIB FDIC Maintain Currency Translation Type FDIK Maintain Key Figures FDIM Report Monitor FDIO Transport Reports FDIP Transport Forms Import Reports from Client 000 FDIO FDIR Import Forms from Client 000 Translation Tool - Drilldown Report FDIT FDIV Maintain Global Variable FDIX **Reorganize Drilldown Reports Reorganize Report Data** FDIY FDIZ Reorganize Forms FDK43 Credit Management - Master Data List FDMN FDOO Borrower's notes order overview FDTA TemSe/REGUT Data Administration FDTT Treasury Data Medium Administration FEBA Postprocess Electronic Bank Statmt FEBC Generate Multicash format FEBMSG Display Internet Messages FEBOAS Request Account Statement via OFX FEBOFX OFX Functions FEBP Post Electronic Bank Statement FEBSTS Search String Search Simulation FESR Importing of POR File (Switzerland) FEUB Adjust VIBEPP after EURO conversion FEUI Real Estate Implementation Guide FF\$3 Send planning data to central system FF\$4 Retrieve planning data FF\$5 Retrieve transmission results FF\$6 Check settings FF\$7 Check all external systems FF\$A Maintain TR-CM subsystems FF\$B Convert Planning Group FF\$C Convert planning level FF\$D Convert business areas FF\$L Display transmission information FF\$S Display transmission information FF\$X Configure the central TR-CM system FF-1 **Outstanding Checks** FF-2 Outstanding Bills of Exchange
- FF-3 Cash Management Summary Records

- FF-4 CMF Data In Accounting Documents
- FF-5 CMF Records fr.Materials Management
- FF-6 CMF Records from Sales
- FF-7 Forecast Item Journal
- FF-8 Payment Advice Journal
- FF-9 Journal
- FF.1 Standard G/L Account Interest Scale
- FF.3 G/L Account Cashed Checks
- FF.4 Vendor Cashed Checks
- FF.5 Import Electronic Bank Statement
- FF.6 Display Electronic Bank Statement
- FF.7 Payment Advice Comparison
- FF.8 Print Payment Orders
- FF.9 Post Payment Orders
- FF.D Generate payt req. from advices
- FF/1 Compare Bank Terms
- FF/2 Compare value date
- FF/3 Archive advices from bank statements
- FF/4 Import electronic check deposit list
- FF/5 Post electronic check deposit list
- FF/6 Deposit/loan mgmt analysis/posting
- FF/7 Deposit/loan management int accruals
- FF/8 Import Bank Statement into Cash Mgmt
- FF/9 Compare Advices with Bank Statement
- FF63 Create Planning Memo Record
- FF65 List of Cash Management Memo Records
- FF67 Manual Bank Statement
- FF68 Manual Check Deposit Transaction
- FF6A Edit Cash Mgmt Pos Payment Advices
- FF6B Edit liquidity forecast planned item
- FF70 Cash Mgmt Posit./Liquidity Forecast
- FF71 Cash Position
- FF72 Liquidity forecast
- FF73 Cash Concentration
- FF74 Use Program to Access Cash Concntn
- FF7A Cash Position
- FF7B Liquidity forecast
- FF:1 Maintain exchange rates
- FFB4 Import electronic check deposit list
- FFB5 Post electronic check deposit list
- FFL_OLD Display Transmission Information
- FFS_OLD Display Transmission Information
- FFTL Telephone list
- FFW1 Wire Authorization

FFWR Post Payment Requests from Advice
FFWR_REQUESTS Create Payment Requests from Advice
FF_1 Standard G/L Account Interest Scale
FF_3 G/L Account Cashed Checks
FF_4 Vendor Cashed Checks
FF_5 Import Electronic Bank Statement
FF_6 Display Electronic Bank Statement
FG99 Flexible G/L: Report Selection
FGIO Execute Report
FGI1 Create Report
FGI2 Change Report
FGI3 Display Report
FGI4 Create Form
FGI5 Change Form
FGI6 Display Form
FGIB Background Processing
FGIC Maintain Currency Translation Type
FGIK Maintain Key Figures
FGIM Report Monitor
FGIO Transport Reports
FGIP Transport Forms
FGIQ Import Reports from Client 000
FGIR Import Forms from Client 000
FGIT Translation Tool - Drilldown Report.
FGIV Maintain Global Variable
FGIX Reorganize Drilldown Reports
FGIY Reorganize Report Data
FGIZ Reorganize Forms
FGMo Special Purpose Ledger Menu
FGRP Report Painter
FGRW Report Writer Menu
FI01 Create Bank
FI02 Change Bank
FI03 Display Bank
FI04 Display Bank Changes
FI06 Mark Bank for Deletion
FI07 Change Current Number Range Number
FI12 Change House Banks/Bank Accounts
FI12CORE Change House Banks/Bank Accounts
FI13 Display House Banks/Bank Accounts
FIBB Bank chain determination
FIBC Scenarios for Bank Chain Determin.
FIBD Allocation client
FIDE Mainton an as the mag stion DTE

FIBF Maintenance transaction BTE

FIBHS Display bank chains for house banks FIBHU Maintain bank chains for house banks FIBL1 Control Origin Indicator FIBL2 Assign Origin FIBL3 Group of House Bank Accounts FIBPS Display bank chians for partners FIBPU Maintain bank chains for partner FIBTS Dis. bank chains for acct carry over FIBTU Main. bank chains for acctCarry over FIHC Create Inhouse Cash Center FILAUF_WF_CUST Store Order: Workflow Customizing FILE Cross-Client File Names/Paths FILINV WF CUST Store Inventory:Workflow Customizing FINA Branch to Financial Accounting FINF Info System Events FINP Info System Processes FITP RESPO Contact Partner Responsibilities FITP SETTINGS Settings for Travel Planning FITP SETTINGS TREE Tree Maintenance Current Settings FITVFELD Tree FJA1 Inflation Adjustment of G/L Accounts FJA2 Reset Transaction Data G/L Acc.Infl. FJA3 Balance Sheet/P&L with Inflation FJA4 Infl. Adjustment of Open Items (FC) FJA5 Infl. Adj. of Open Receivables (LC) FJA6 Infl. Adj. of Open Payables (LC) FJEE Exercise Subscription Right FK01 Create Vendor (Accounting) FK02 Change Vendor (Accounting) FK02CORE Maintain vendor FK03 Display Vendor (Accounting) FK04 Vendor Changes (Accounting)FK05 Block Vendor (Accounting) FK06 Mark Vendor for Deletion (Acctng) FK08 Confirm Vendor Individually (Acctng) FK09 Confirm Vendor List (Accounting) FK10 Vendor Account Balance FK10N Vendor Balance Display FK10NA Vendor Balance Display FK15 Transfer vendor changes: receive FK16 Transfer vendor changes: receive FKIO Execute Report FKI1 Create Report FKI2 Change Report

- FKI3 Display Report
- FKI4 Create Form
- FKI5 Change Form
- FKI6 Display Form
- FKIB Background Processing
- FKIC Maintain Currency Translation Type
- FKIK Maintain Key Figures
- FKIM Report Monitor
- FKIO Transport Reports
- FKIP Transport Forms
- FKIQ Import Reports from Client 000
- FKIR Import Forms from Client 000
- FKIT Translation Tool Drilldown Report.
- FKIV Maintain Global Variable
- FKIX Reorganize Drilldown Reports
- FKIY Reorganize Report Data
- FKIZ Reorganize Forms
- FKMN
- FKMT FI Acct Assignment Model Management
- FLB1 Postprocessing Lockbox Data
- FLB2 Import Lockbox File
- FLBP Post Lockbox Data
- FLCV Create/Edit Document Template WF
- FM+0 Display FM Main Role Definition
- FM+1 Maintain FM Main Role Definition
- FM+2 Display FM Amount Groups
- FM+3 Maintain FM Amount Groups
- FM+4 Display FM Budget Line Groups
- FM+5 Maintain FM Budget Line Groups
- FM+6 Display FM Document Classes
- FM+7 Maintain FM Document Classes
- FM+8 Display FM Activity Categories
- FM+9 Maintain FM Activity Categories
- FM+A Display Doc.Class->Doc.Cat.Assgmt
- FM+B Maintain Doc.Clase->Doc.Cat.Assgmt
- FM03 Display FM Document
- FM21 Change Original Budget
- FM22 Display Original Budget
- FM25 Change Supplement
- FM26 Display Supplement
- FM27 Change Return
- FM28 Transfer Budget
- FM29 Display Return
- FM2D Display Funds Center Hierarchy

FM2E Change Budget Document FM2F Display Budget Document FM2G Funds Center Hierarchy FM2H Maintain Funds Center Hierarchy FM2I Create Funds Center FM2S Display Funds Center FM2T Change Releases FM2U Change Funds Center FM2V Display Releases FM3D Display Commitment Item Hierarchy FM3G Commitment Item Hierarchy FM3H Maintain Commitment Item Hierarchy FM3I Create Commitment Item FM3N Commitment Items for G/L Accounts FM₃S Display Commitment Item FM3U Change Commitment Item FM48 Change Financial Budget: Initial Scn FM48 1 PS-CM: Create Planning Layout FM48 2 PS-CM: Change Planning Layout FM48 3 PS-CM: Display Planning Layout FM49 Display Financial Budget: Init.Scrn FM4G Budget Structure Element Hierarchy FM5I Create Fund FM5S Display Fund FM5U Change Fund FM5 DEL Delete fund preselection FM5 DISP Display fund preselection FM5 SEL Preselection Fund FM6I Create Application of Funds FM6S Display Application of Funds FM6U Change Application of Funds FM71 Maintain Cover Pools FM72 Assign FM Acct Asst to Cover Pool FM78 Charact.Groups for Cover Pools FM79 Grouping Chars for Cover Pool FM7A Display Cover Eligibility Rules FM7I Create Attributes for FM Acct Asst FM7P Maintain Cover Eligibility Rules FM7S Display Cover Eligibility Rules FM7U Maintain Cover Eligibility Rules FM9B Copy Budget Version FM9C Plan Data Transfer from CO FM9D Lock Budget Version FM9E Unlock Budget Version

FM9F	Delete Budget Version
FM9G	Roll Up Supplement
FM9H	Roll up Original Budget
FM9I	Roll Up Return
FM9J	Roll Up Releases
FM9K	Change Budget Structure
FM9L	Display Budget Structure
FM9M	Delete Budget Structure
FM9N	Generate Budget Object
FM9P	Reconstruct Budget Distrbtd Values
FM9Q	Total Up Budget
FM9W	Adjust Funds Management Budget
FMÁ1	Matching: Totals and Balances (CBM)
FMA2	Matching: CBM Line Items and Totals
FMA3	Matching: FI Line Items (CBM)
FMA4	Matching: FI Bank Line Items (CBM)
FMAA	Matching: Line Items and Totals (FM)
FMAB	Matching: FI FM Line Items
FMAC	Leveling: FM Commitment Line Items
FMAD	Leveling: FI-FM Totals Records
FMAE	Display Change Documents
FMAF	Level Line Items and Totals Items
FMBo	CO Document Transfer
FMB1	Display Security Prices-Collect.
FMBI	Use Revenues to Increase Expend.Bdgt
FMBUI	0005 FIFM Budget Data Export
FMBUL	
FMBV	Activate Availability Control
FMC2	Customizing in Day to-Day Business
FMCB	Reassignment: Document Selection
FMCC	Reassignment: FM-CO Assignment
FMCD	Reassignment: Delete Work List
FMCG	Reassignment: Overall Assignment
FMCN	Reassignment: Supplement.Acct Assgt
FMCR	Reassignment: Display Work List
FMCT	Reassignment: Transfer
FMD1	Change Carryforward Rules
FMD2	Display Carryforward Rules
FMDM	Monitor Closing Operations
FMDS	Copy Carryforward Rules
FMDT	Display Carryforward Rules
FME1	Import Forms from Client 000
FME2	Import Reports from Client 000
FME3	Transport Forms

FME3 Transport Forms

FME4 Transport Reports FME5 **Reorganize Forms** FME6 Reorganize Drilldown Reports **Reorganize Report Data** FME7 FME8 Maintain Batch Variants FME9 Translation Tool - Drilldown FMEB Structure Report Backgrnd Processing FMEH SAP-EIS: Hierarchy Maintenance FMEK FMCA: Create Drilldown Report FMEL FMCA: Change Drilldown Report FMEM FMCA: Display Drilldown Report FMEN FMCA: Create Form FMEO FMCA: Change Form FMEP FMCA: Display Form FMEQ FMCA: Run Drilldown Report FMER FMCA: Drilldown Tool Test Monitor FMEURO1 Create Euro FM Area FMEURO2 Refresh Euro Master Data FMEURO3 Display Euro FM Areas FMEURO4 Deactivate Euro FM Areas FMEV Maintain Global Variable FMFo Payment Selection FMF1 Revenue Transfer FMG1 FM: Create Commitment Item Group FMG2 FM: Change Commitment Item Group FMG3 FM: Display Commitment Item Group FMG4 FM: Delete Commitment Item Group FMG5 Generate BS Objects fr.Cmmt Item Grp FMHC Check Bdgt Structure Elements in HR FMHG Generate Bdgt Struc Elements in HR FMHGG Generate BS Elements f. Several Fnds FMHH Master Data Check FMHIST Apportion Document in FM FMHV Budget Memo Texts FMIA Display Rules for Revs.Incr.Budget FMIB Increase Budget by Revenues FMIC Generate Additional Budget Incr.Data FMIL Delete Rules for Revs Incr. Budget FMIP Maintain Rules for Revs.Incr.Budget FMIS Display Rules for Revs.Incr.Budget FMIU Maintain Rules for Revs.Incr.Budget FMJ1 Fiscal Year Close: Select Commitment FMJ1 TR Settlement: Select Commitment FMJ2 Fiscal Year Close: Carr. Fwd Commts

FMJ2 TR Settlement: Transfer Commitment FMJ3 **Reverse Commitments Carryforward** FMJA Budget Fiscal Year Close: Prepare FMJA TR Budget Settlement: Prepare FMJB Determine Budget Year-End Closing FMJB TR Budget Settlement: Determine FMJC Budget Fiscal-Year Close: Carry Fwd FMJC TR Budget Settlement: Transfer FMJD Reverse Fiscal Year Close: Budget FMLD Ledger Deletion FMLF Classify Movement Types FMNo Subsequent Posting of FI Documents FMN1 Subsequent Posting of MM Documents FMN2 Subsequent Posting of Billing Docs FMN3 Transfer Purchase Req. Documents FMN4 Transfer Purchase Order Documents FMN5 Transfer Funds Reservation Documents FMN8 Simulation Lists Debit Position FMN8 OLD Simulation Lists Debit Position FMN9 Posted Debit Position List FMN9 OLD Posted Debit Position List FMNA Display CBA Rules FMNP Maintain CBA Rules FMNR Assign SN-BUSTL to CBA FMNS Display CBA Rules FMNU Maintain CBA Rules FMPo Maintain Financial Budget FMP1 Display Financial Budget FMP2 Delete Financial Budget Version FMRo Reconstruct Parked Documents FMR1 Actual/Commitment Report FMR2 Actual/Commitment per Company Code FMR3 Plan/Actual/Commitment Report FMR4 Plan/Commitment Report w.Hierarchy FMR5A 12 Period Forecast: Actual and Plan FMR6A Three Period Display: Plan/Actual FMRA Access Report Tree FMRB Access Report Tree FMRE ARCH Archive Earmarked Funds FMRE EWU01 Earmarked Funds: Euro Preprocessing FMRE EWU02 Earmarked Funds: Euro Postprocessing FMRE SERLK Close Earmarked Funds

FMRP18 Clear Subsequent Postings

FMSS Display Status Assignment

FMSU **Change Assigned Status** FMUo **Display Funds Reservation Doc. Types** FMU1 Maintain Funds Reservation Doc. Types **Display Funds Reservtn Fld Variants** FMU2 Maintain Funds Resvtn Field Variants FMU₃ FMU4 **Display Funds Reservation Fld Groups** Maintain Funds Reservatn Fld Groups FMU5 Display Funds Reservtn Field Selctn FMU6 FMU7 Maintain Funds Resvtn Field Selctn Display Template Type for Fds Resvtn FMU8 FMU9 Maintain Template Type for Fds Resvn FMUA Dispay Fds Res. Template Type Fields FMUB Maintain Fds Res. Template Type Flds FMUC Display Funds Res. Reference Type FMUD Maintain Funds Res.Reference Type Display Funds Res.Ref.Type Fields FMUE FMUF Maintaine Fds Rsvtn Ref.Type Fields **Display Reasons for Decision** FMUG FMUH Maintain Reasons for Decisions FMUI Display Groups for Workflow Fields Maintain Groups for Workflow Fields FMUJ FMUK Display Fields in Groups for WF FMUL Maintain Fields in Groups for WF FMUM Display Field Selctn ->Variant/Group FMUN Display Field Seln->Variant/Group FMUV Funds Resvtn Field Status Var.Asst FMV1 Create Forecast of Revenue FMV2 Change Forecast of Revenue FMV3 **Display Forecast of Revenue** FMV4 Approve Forecast of Revenue FMV5 Change FM Acct Asst in Fcst of Rev. FMV6 Reduce Forecast of Revenue Manually FMVI Create Summarization Item FMVO Fund Balance Carryforward FMVS **Display Summarization Item** FMVT **Carry Forward Fund Balance** FMVU Change Summarization Item Create Funds Blocking FMW1 FMW2 Change Funds Blocking FMW3 Display Funds Blocking FMW4 Approve Funds Blocking FMW5 Change FM Acct Asst in Funds Blkg FMWA Create Funds Transfer

FMWAZ Payment Transfer

FMWB Change Funds Transfer
FMWC Display Funds Transfer
FMWD Approve Funds Transfer
FMWE Change FM Acct Asst in Funds Trsfr
FMX1 Create Funds Reservation
FMX2 Change Funds Reservation
FMX3 Display Funds Reservation
FMX4 Approve Funds Reservation
FMX5 Change FM Acct Asst in Funds Resvn
FMX6 Funds Reservation: Manual Reduction
FMY1 Create Funds Commitment
FMY2 Change Funds Commitment
FMY3 Display Funds Precommitment
FMY4 Approve Funds Precommitment
FMY5 Change FM AcctAsst in Funds Prcmmt
FMY6 Reduce Funds Precommitment Manually
FMZ1 Create Funds Commitment
FMZ2 Change Funds Commitment
FMZ3 Display Funds Commitment
FMZ4 Approve Funds Commitment
FMZ5 Change FM Acct Asst in Funds Commt
FMZ6 Reduce Funds Commitment Manually
FMZBVT Carry Forward Balance
FMZZ Revalue Funds Commitments
FM DL07 Delete Worklist
FM_DLFI Deletes FI Documnts Transferred from
FM_DLFM Deletes all FM Data (fast)
FM DLOI Deletes Cmmts Transferred from FM
FM EURO M Parameter maintenance for euro conv.
FM_RCo6 Reconcile FI Paymts-> FM Totals Itms
FM_RC07 Reconcile FI Paymts-> FM Line Items
FM_RCo8 Reconcile FM Paymts -> FM Line Items
FM_RC11 Select Old Payments
FM_S123 GR/IR: Post OIs to FM Again
FM_S201 Post Payments on Account to FIFM
FM_SD07 Display Worklist
FN-1 No.range: FVVD_RANL (Loan number)
FN-4 Number range maintenance: FVVD_PNNR
FN-5 Number range maintenance: FVVD_SNBNR
FN-6 Number range maintenance: FVVD_RPNR
FN09 Create Borrower's Note Order
FN11 Change borrower's note order

- FN11 Change borrower's note orderFN12 Display borrower's note orderFN13 Delete borrower's note order

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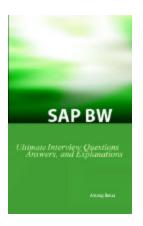
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Basis - SAP Basis Certification Questions: Basis Interview Questions, Answers, and Explanations

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- BW tables and transaction code quick references
- Certification Examination Questions
- Extraction, Modeling and
- Configuration
- Transformations and Administration
- Performance Tuning, Tips & Tricks, and FAQ

• Everything a BW resource needs to know before an interview

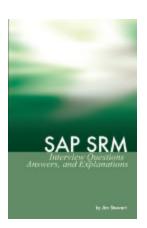
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- The most important HR settings to know
- mySAP HR Administration tables and transaction code quick references
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- Org plan, Compensation, Year End, Wages, and Taxes
- User Management, Transport
- System, Patches, and Upgrades
- Benefits, Holidays, Payroll, and Infotypes
- Everything an HR resource needs to know before an interview

SAP SRM Interview Questions, Answers, and Explanations



Key Topics Include

-The most important SRM Configuration to know -Common EBP Implementation Scenarios -Purchasing Document Approval Processes -Supplier Self Registration and Self Service (SUS) -Live Auctions and Bidding Engine, RFX Processes (LAC) -Details for Business Intelligence and Spend Analysis -EBP Technical and Troubleshooting Information

SAP MM Interview Questions, Answers, and Explanations



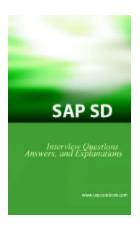
- The most important MM

Configuration to know

- Common MM Implementation Scenarios

- MM Certification Exam Questions
- Consumption Based Planning
- Warehouse Management
- Material Master Creation and Planning
- Purchasing Document Inforecords

SAP SD Interview Questions, Answers, and Explanations



• The most important SD settings to know

• SAP SD administration tables and transaction code quick references

• SAP SD Certification Examination Questions

• Sales Organization and Document Flow Introduction

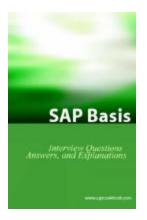
• Partner Procedures, Backorder Processing, Sales BOM

Backorder Processing, Third Party

Ordering, Rebates and Refunds

• Everything an SD resource needs to know before an interview

SAP Basis Interview Questions, Answers, and Explanations



• The most important Basis settings to know

• Basis Administration tables and transaction code quick references

Certification Examination Questions

• Oracle database, UNIX, and MS

Windows Technical Information

User Management, Transport

System, Patches, and Upgrades

• Backup and Restore, Archiving,

Disaster Recover, and Security

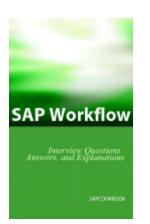
• Everything a Basis resource needs to know before an interview

SAP Security Essentials



Finding Audit Critical Combinations
Authentication, Transaction Logging, and Passwords
Roles, Profiles, and User
Management
ITAR, DCAA, DCMA, and Audit Requirements
The most important security settings to know
Security Tuning, Tips & Tricks, and FAQ
Transaction code list and table name references

SAP Workflow Interview Questions, Answers, and Explanations



- Database Updates and Changing the Standard
- List Processing, Internal Tables, and ALV Grid Control
- Dialog Programming, ABAP Objects
- Data Transfer, Basis Administration
- ABAP Development reference updated for 2006!

• Everything an ABAP resource needs to know before an interview